

PHYSICS 265

Test #1

18 Feb. 1997

Name: _____

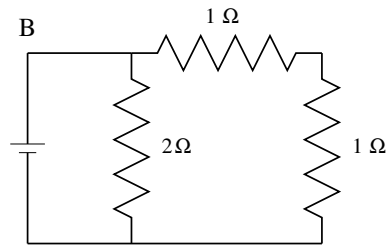
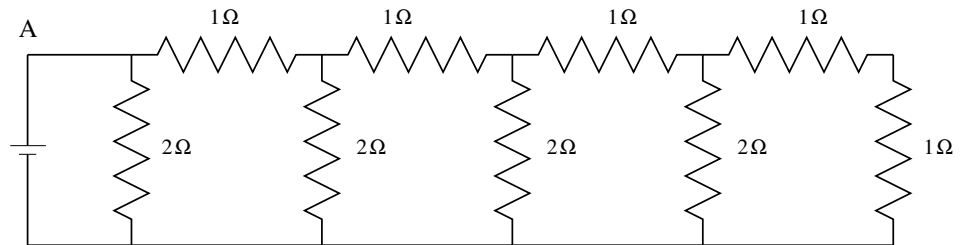
Section: _____

Part A. Choose the best answer from those given. (4 points each)

- The electrostatic force between a negative electron and a neutral neutron is
 - attractive.
 - repulsive.
 - zero.
 - sometimes attractive and sometimes repulsive.
 - none of these.
- We can increase the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor by
 - cooling the plates.
 - bringing the plates closer.
 - removing the dielectric.
 - increasing the voltage.
 - none of these.
- A statue of a chicken made of pure gold has a resistance of $0.10\text{ m}\Omega$ between its beak and tail. An exact duplicate of the piece is made in an alloy that has a resistivity 10 times greater than gold. The resistance between the same two points will now be
 - $0.10\text{ m}\Omega$
 - $1.0\text{ m}\Omega$
 - $0.010\text{ m}\Omega$
 - $10.0\text{ m}\Omega$
 - none of these.
- A metal wire has a resistance of $1.0\ \Omega$. What is the resistance of a piece of wire made of the same material but twice as long and with half the cross sectional area?
 - $4.0\ \Omega$.
 - $2.0\ \Omega$.
 - $1.0\ \Omega$.
 - $0.50\ \Omega$.
 - $0.25\ \Omega$.

5. Which circuit draws more current from the battery?

- a) circuit A.
- b) circuit B.
- c) both the same.

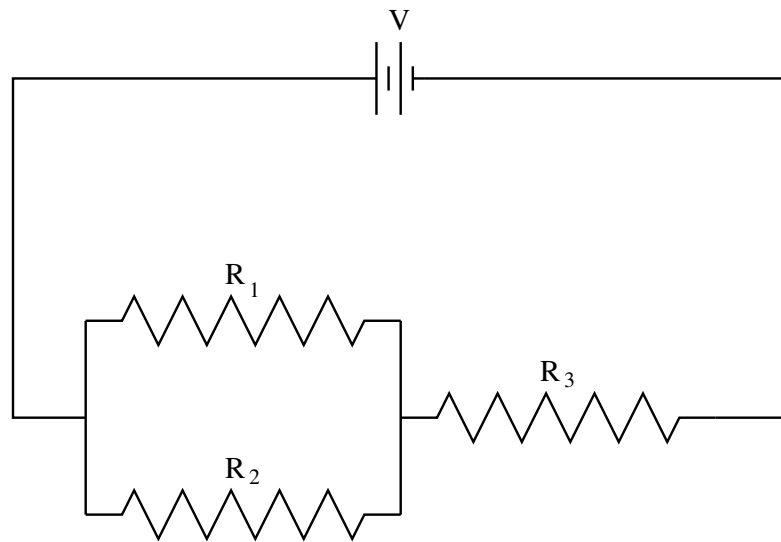


Part B. Answer 4 of the following 5 questions. (20 points each)

1. Two $6.0 \mu\text{C}$ charges are placed on the x -axis at, one at $x = 0$ and the other at $x = 1.0 \text{ m}$. Another charge, $-3.0 \mu\text{C}$, is also on the x -axis.
 - a) What position(s) give zero net force on the $-3.0 \mu\text{C}$ charge. (15 points)
 - b) Is this a position of stable or unstable equilibrium? (Remember that in stable equilibrium, if the particle is moved slightly, it will return to the equilibrium position) (5 points)

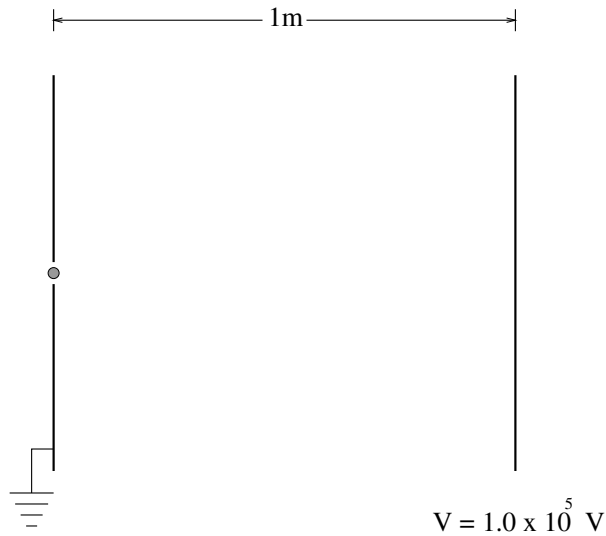
2. A capacitor is constructed with an area $A = 1.0 \text{ cm}^2$, a plate separation $d = 1.0 \text{ mm}$ and a dielectric with $K = 10$.
- a) If you connect a 9 V battery across this capacitor, what is the charge on one of the capacitor plates? (10 points)
 - b) Connect three capacitors, identical to the one in part a), so that the combination has 3 times the capacitance of the single capacitor in part a). (5 points)
 - c) Connect three capacitors, identical to the one in part a), so that the combination has $1/3$ the capacitance of the single capacitor in part a). (5 points)

3. In the circuit shown below, $R_1 = 8 \Omega$, $R_2 = 4 \Omega$, $R_3 = 3 \Omega$ and $V = 3 V$. Find the current through, and voltage across, each resistor.



4. Two parallel plates have a potential difference $V = 1.0 \times 10^5 \text{ V}$ and are separated by $d = 1.0 \text{ m}$, as shown below. There is a hole in one plate to allow particles to enter.

- a) A proton ($m = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ and $q = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$) enters through the hole with an initial velocity $v_o = 3.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$ to the right. How far will the proton travel before stopping (for just an instant)? (10 points)
- b) An electron ($m = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ and $q = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$) is placed in the hole, at rest. What is the electron's kinetic energy just before it hits the right plate? (10 points)



5. Three charges are placed on a circle of radius 1 m ; the value of $q = 5.0\ \mu\text{C}$. The charges are placed at 12 o'clock, 4 o'clock and 8 o'clock (as shown in the picture below).

- a) Find V , the electrical potential, at P , the center of the circle. (15 points)
- b) Find \vec{E} , the electric field, at P , the center of the circle. (5 points)

